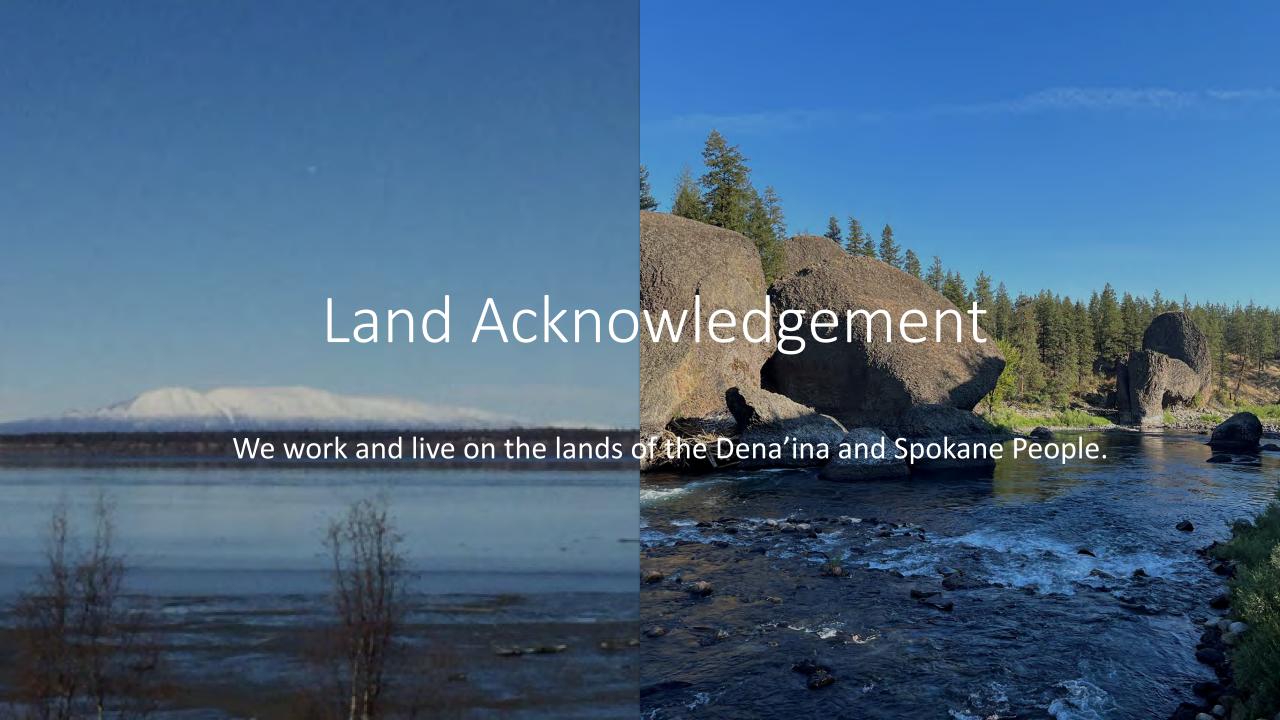
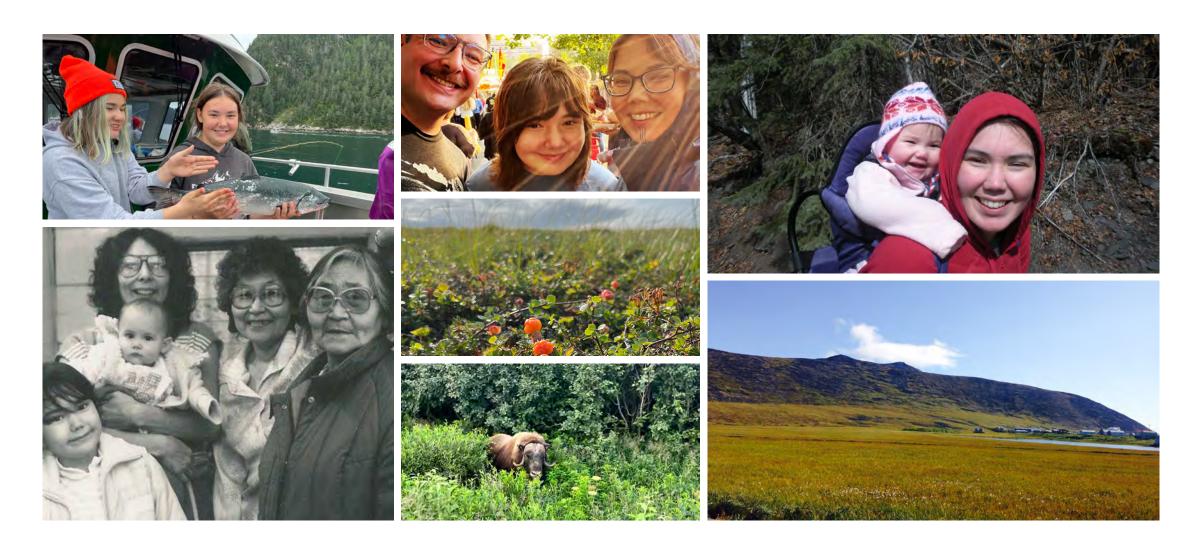


For the Love of Our Children: Recentering Indigenous Relational Knowledge

2023 Alaska Tribal Child Welfare Conference
Jessica Saniguq Ullrich, MSW, PhD
Washington State University- IREACH program
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Who I Am, Where I Come From



Tavlugun Ceremony



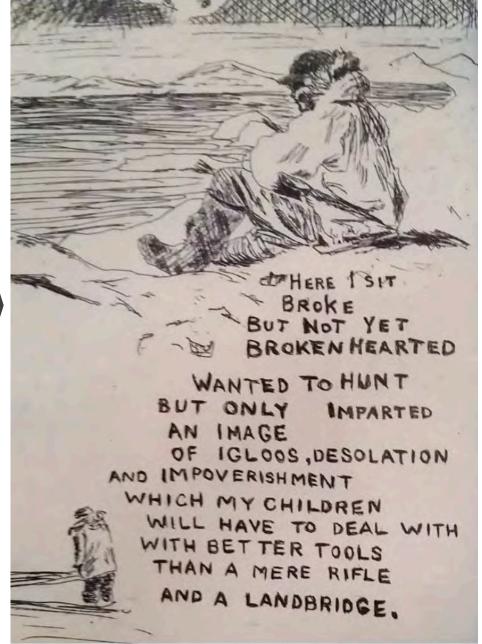
Today's Presentation

- The Why Behind the Work
- Results from a Literature Review and Qualitative Research
- The Indigenous
 Connectedness Framework
- How this way of thinking can shift the practice
- Using the IC Framework to develop a curriculum
- How we can apply our own community's connectedness frameworks and traditional values to reset systems towards liberation from oppression

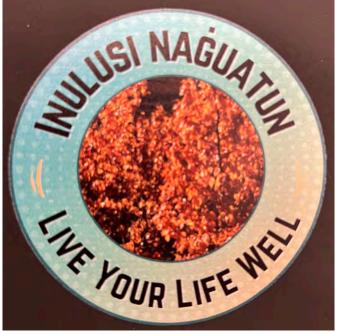
does your culture change what you believe in? 8. How can you recover from traumer and head the the Space where the trauma was before? 4. How can we prevent the child from having trauma?

Encourage Questions and Discussion

Why We Do this Work



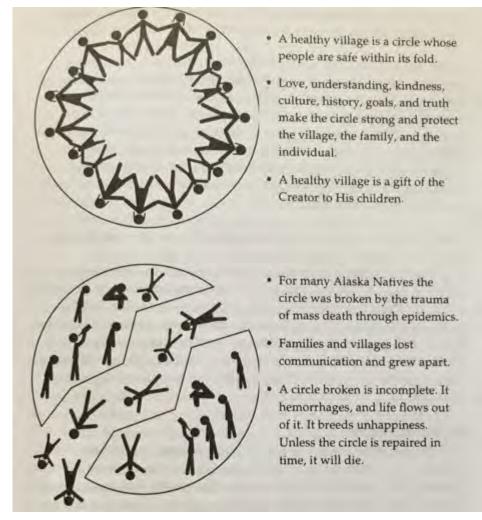




The Start of My Social Work and Research Journey



Bernardi photo album, UW special collections, 1902

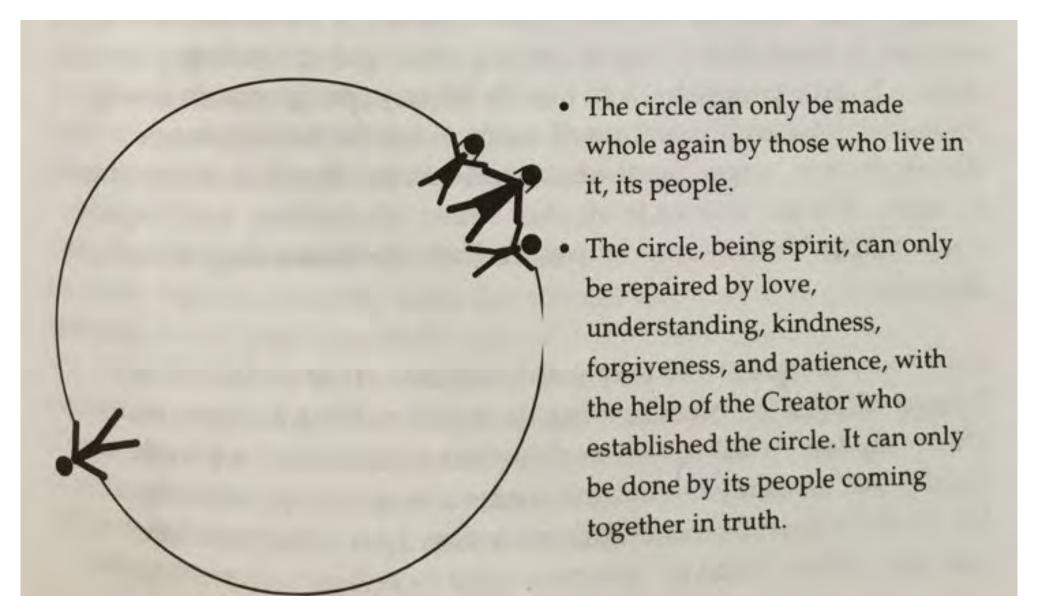


Harold Napoleon, 1996

Massive group trauma Disconnected Trauma Response **Unhealthy Coping** Cycle of Child and Collective Trauma Disconnected Trauma Response **Unhealthy Coping CPS Removal**

Breaking the Cycle of Indigenous Child Removal

Focus on Indigenous Wellbeing





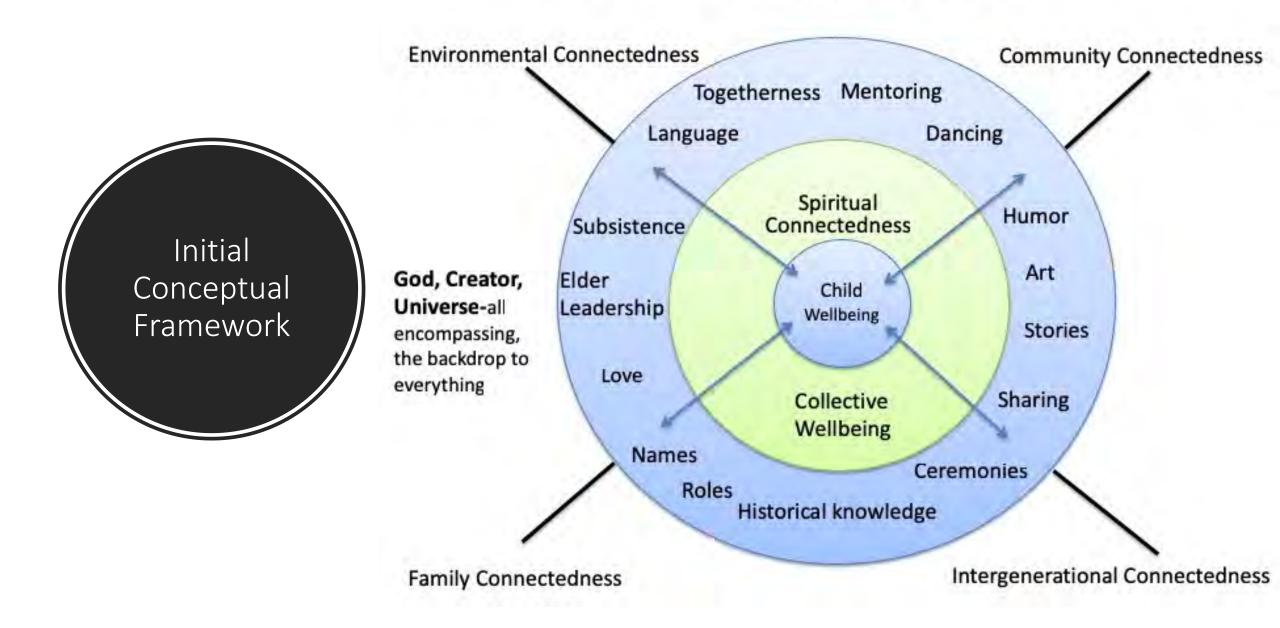
How Connectedness Has Been Defined

"The Inter-related welfare of an individual, family, community and the Earth." — The People's Awakening Team of Southwest Alaska (Mohatt et al., 2011).

Connectedness Mechanisms- Relational Actions that Support Connectedness

Family	Community	Land/Place	Intergenerational	Spirit
Language	Language	Language	Language	Language
Spending time	Celebrations	Hunting	Part of a continuous	Ceremonies
together	Dancing/Singing	Gathering	history	Cultural values
Relational Roles	Ceremonies	Teaching children	Awareness of	Art
Responsibility	Service to others	Learning from	historical trauma	Stories
Namesakes &	Mentoring	Elders	Responsibility to	Love, Humor,
Nicknames	Rules, values,	Exploration	future generations	Truth
Adoption	norms	Observation	Learning ancestral	Beauty
Togetherness	Safety nets	Travel	teachings to pass on	Dance
Trust and safety	Family	Care for animals	to younger	Subsistence foods
Sharing and	relationships	Stories	generations	Songs/Dance/Drum
support	Social groups	Playing outside	Participation in	Connection to
Helping Elders	Collective	Access to clean	cultural and	ancestors and
Stories, family	belonging	water	community activities	future generations
history	Cooperative Teams	Fish camp	Knowledge of	Collective
Recognition of	Subsistence sharing	Survival skills	family lineage	mentality
personal talents	Strong leadership			Spiritual teachings

INDIGENOUS CONNECTEDNESS FRAMEWORK



Elders,
My family,
Tribal Leaders,
Previous Co-Workers,
Indigenous Scholars,
Indigenous Wellness
Research Institute,
UW Professors







We Do This Work Together

Listening to Lived Experience

25 Knowledge Bearers

9 Lived Expertise10 Relatives6 Foster Parents





Results

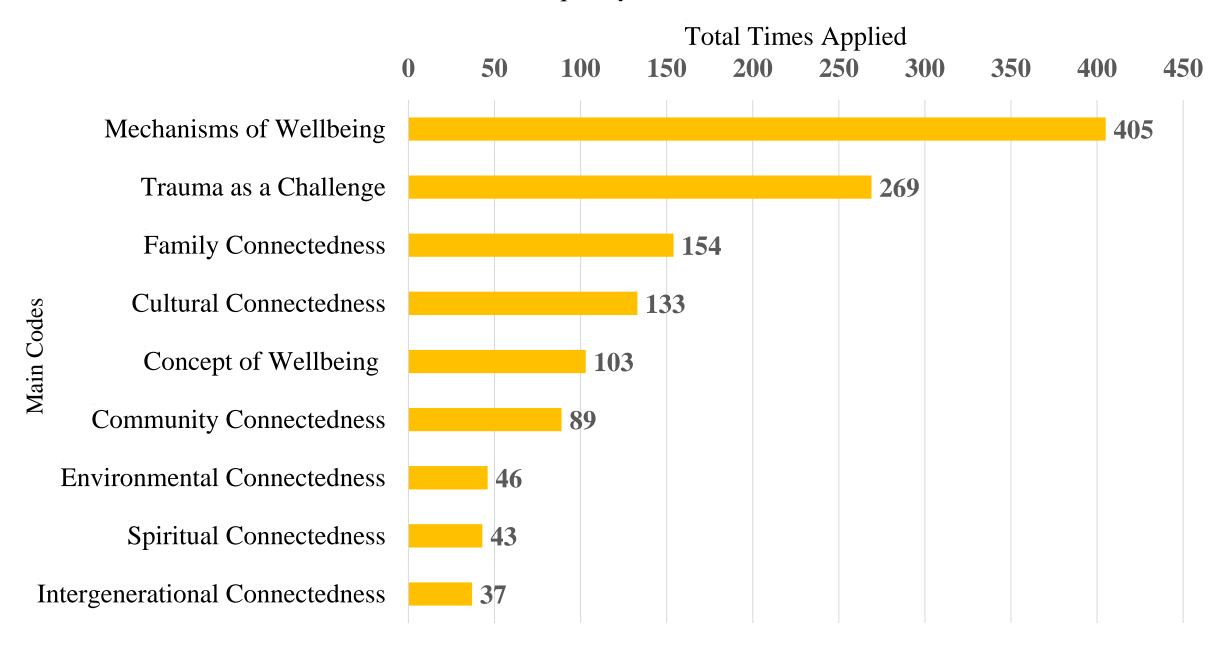
Four Cycles of Analysis

- 1. Hypothesis and Descriptive Coding
- 2. Identification of Common Concepts
- 3. Indigenous Storying
- 4. Wholistic Story Excerpt

Aim 1

Aim 2

Table 11. Frequency of Main Codes





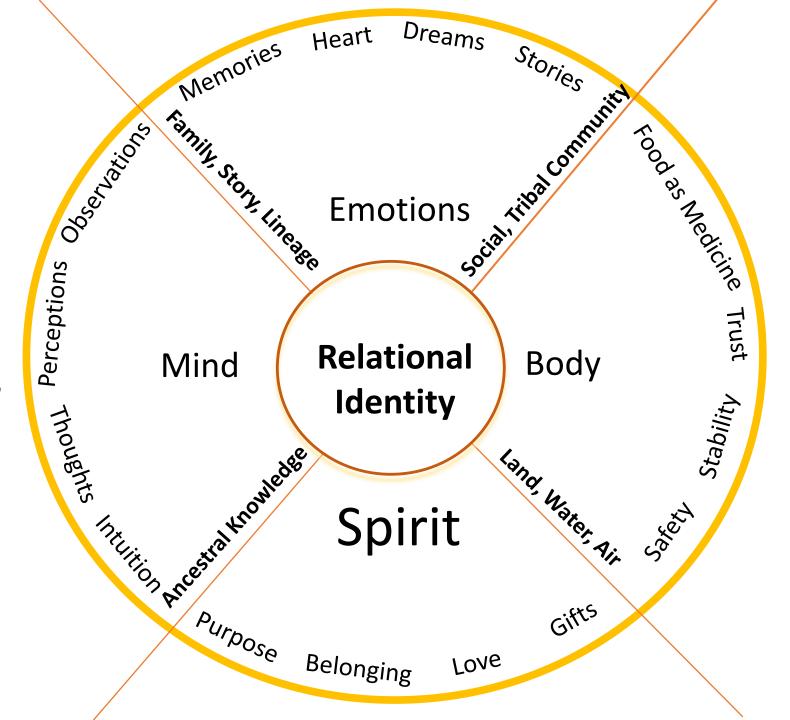




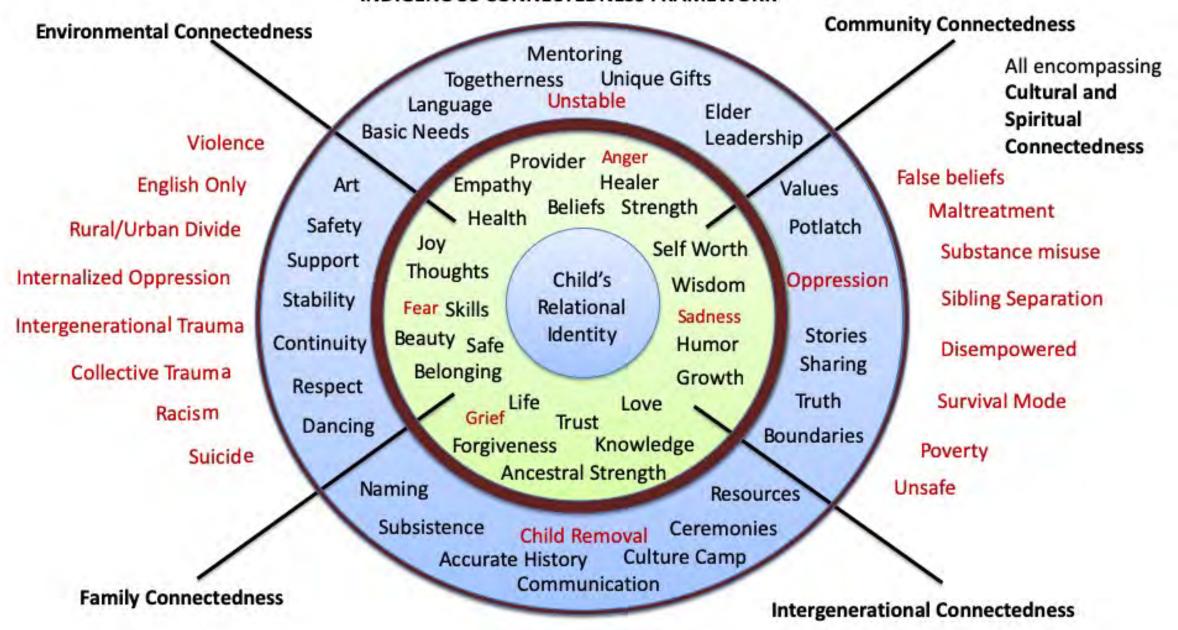
Relational Identity

Knowing Who You Are

An "Inner Ecology"
(Kawagley, 2006)



INDIGENOUS CONNECTEDNESS FRAMEWORK



Culture = Spirit = Medicine = Healthy Relationships = Knowing Who You Are



"No matter

ten y named to the control of the co

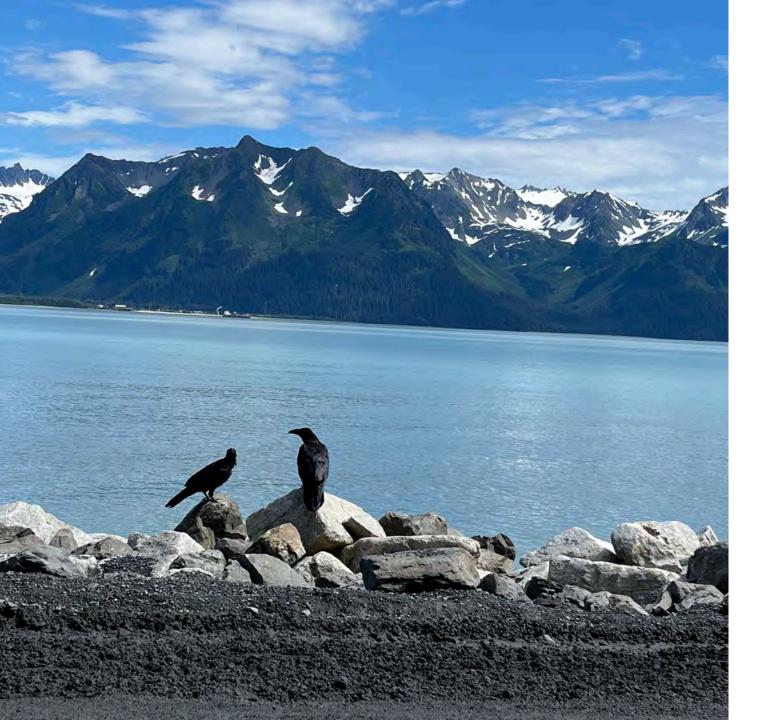






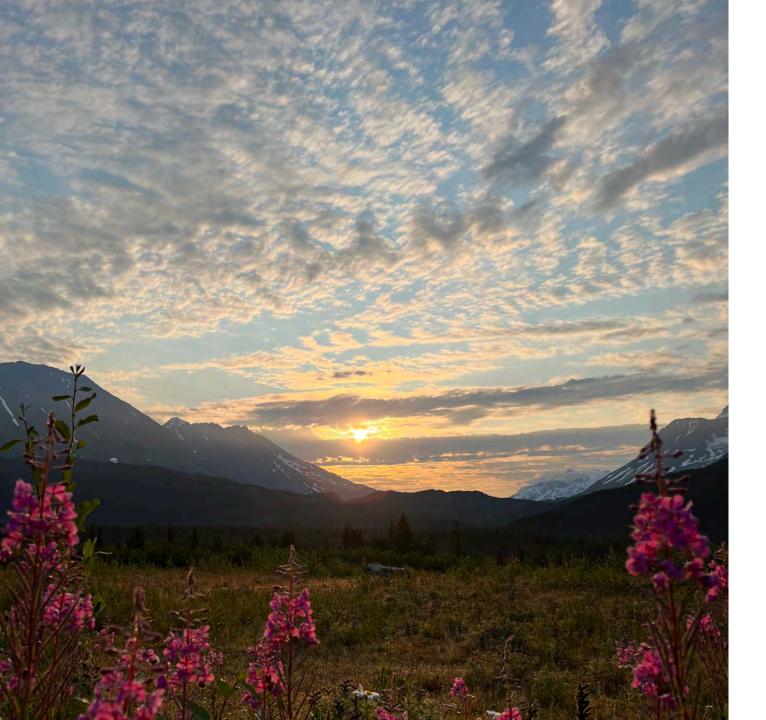






Possible internal *beliefs* based on trauma that sometimes keep us disconnected

I don't matter, Nobody cares, Less than, Don't trust, The past will be the future, Not enough, People abandon me, Change isn't possible, Run away from the pain, A closed heart doesn't hurt, Nobody loves me, don't like myself, not safe, have to be perfect, showing feelings is bad.



Beliefs that Can Heal, Protect, Recenter Us

Healing is possible, We Can have an easier life, Always protected and provided for, My Spirit is Limitless, There is abundance, Unconditional love always exists, I can Trust, We are all sacred and divine beings, Balance and peace is within, I matter, Never alone, I can walk towards the pain, I am lovable, I can love myself, I am safe, The present moment contains magic





So Many Practice Considerations

- Who You Serve
- Safety, Permanency,
 Wellbeing
- Child Maltreatment, Trauma
- Social History
- Family Engagement
- Policies and Funding
- Power, Authority and Responsibility



Who We Serve



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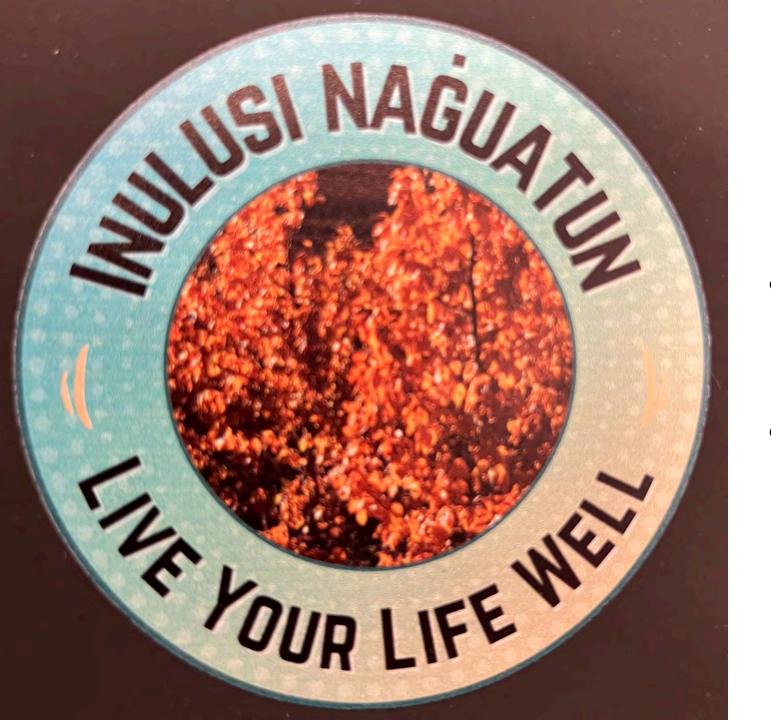


Social History







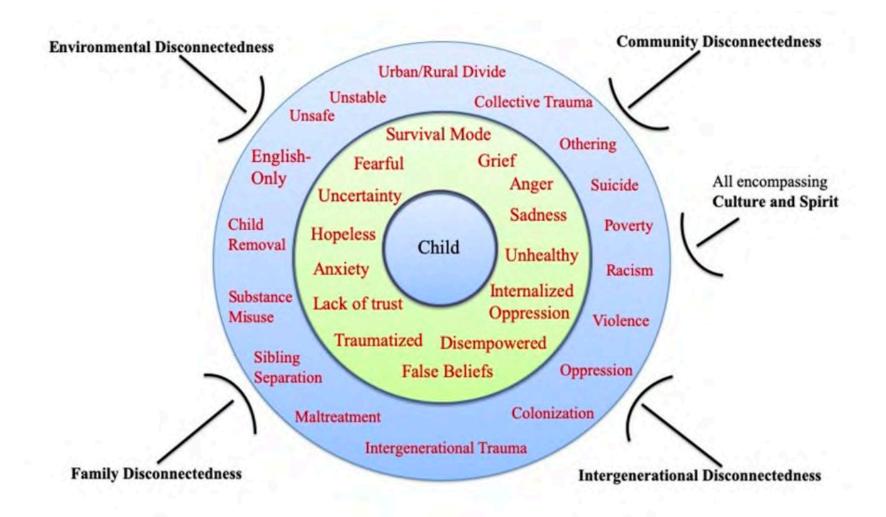


Safety, Permanency, Wellbeing

It's all about relational wellbeing

 When we are relationally well- we are safe, we have connectedness to culture, land, family, community, spirit, the ancestors, future generations, the collective

Trauma, Child Maltreatment



Family Engagement

Table. 1 Recommended Changes for Supporting Family Connectedness

Table: 1 Recommended changes for Supporting raining connectedness					
Direct Practice	Agency Practice	Government Practice			
Knowledge bearers have autonomy and hold the power and choice to define who "family," is, what relationships are important to	Knowledge Bearers define how they want to engage in decision making processes involving their family life, either through formal systems processes (hearings,	Knowledge bears have a seat at the table in government decisions being made about families at all levels.			
them, where they will live, when they move, planning for reunification, and family contact.	meetings, visits) or in a way that they define to be authentic and most effective beyond the systems framework for managing "cases."	Knowledge bearers share lived expertise with policymakers and key decision makers that is acted on through with urgency through policy			
No meeting or decision is made about a family without them	Child welfare agencies hold family	reform and implementation efforts.			
present.	connectedness at the center of all decisions through relentless family engagement,	Government incentivizes policies that promote Family Connectedness.			
Child welfare agency response to	acknowledgement of knowledge bearers as	Agencies are held accountable to			
families acknowledges the cultural and intergenerational family practices. This may include storytelling.	holding the key to the solutions for their own family situation. Families are seen as the "experts," in their own lives.	family engagement.			

Policies and Funding

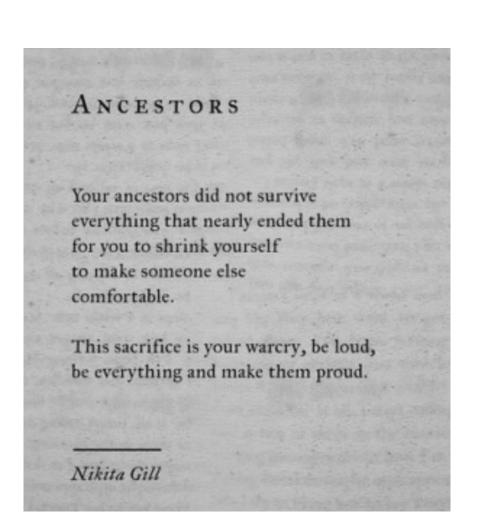
ACF Proposes to Eliminate over 90% of Native Children's Data Elements in AFCARS— Seeking Public Comments

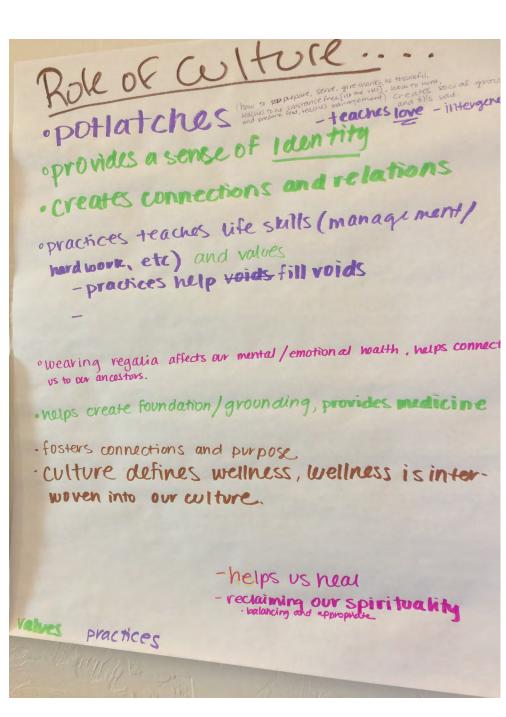
As part of the Trump Administration's goal to streamline and/or eliminate regulations across the federal government, the Administration for Children and Families (ACF) proposed in a Notice of Public Rulemaking to eliminate over 90% of the Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) data elements for American Indian and Alaska Native children from 2016 regulations.

NICWA strongly encourages tribes, Indian organizations, states, and ICWA supporters to submit comments.

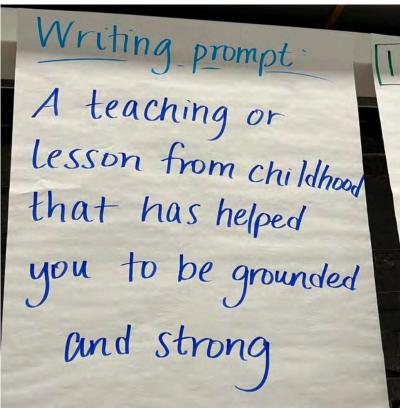
The deadline for submitting public comments is June 18.

READ MORE











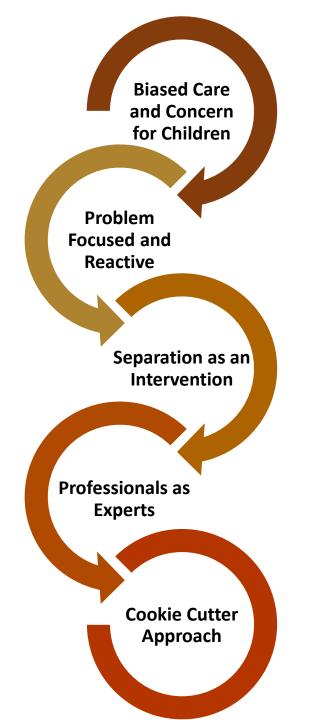
Power, Authority and Responsibility



Multiple Systems Change

- Education
- Health care
- Mental Health
- Substance Use Treatment
- Justice
- Child Welfare
- Government
- Economic

Disrupting This Theory of Change

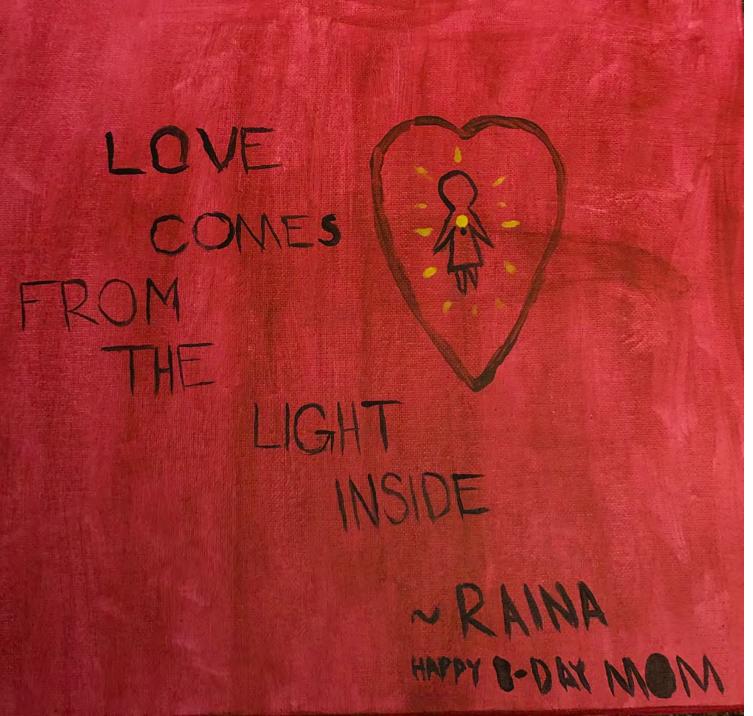


Common Theory of Change in Oppressive Systems

Love for Our Sacred Children Wellbeing Focused and Preventative Figure 2. **Indigenous** Indigenous Theory of Connectedness, Change Relationality in Liberatory Systems **Elders, Lived** Experience and Community as Experts Responsive and Creative

Theory of Change

"Our approach includes a unique theory of change (Figure 1) that is grounded in Indigenous relational and connectedness worldviews. Change is based on a foundation of love for our sacred children, is wellbeing focused, incorporates relational knowledge exchange, and sees Elders, young people, and community members as experts that we are responsive to and cocreate the best solutions with. Through this transformation, we want all children to be accepted for who they are and where they come from as interdependent relational human beings with gifts to share with our beloved community" (Ullrich, 2020)



Shifting the Theory of Change

- Community as a unit of change WITH our precious children and families
- Focusing on the promotion of wellbeing, while acknowledging the trauma and oppressions
- Planning for system and collective change, it's not just on an individual to do
- It's not entirely about changing, it's about dissolving the false beliefs and lies about who we are
- Who we are is _____ and interconnected to a collective

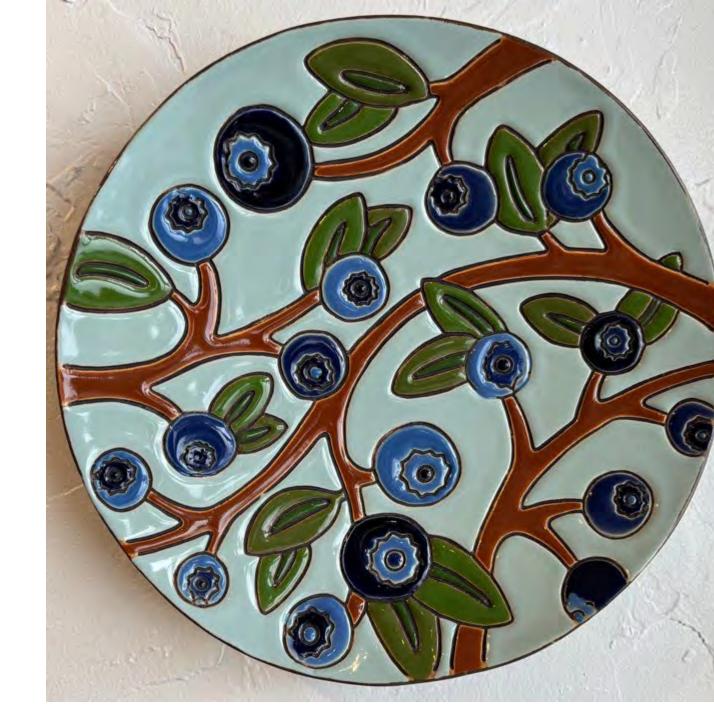
Sample Community Activity

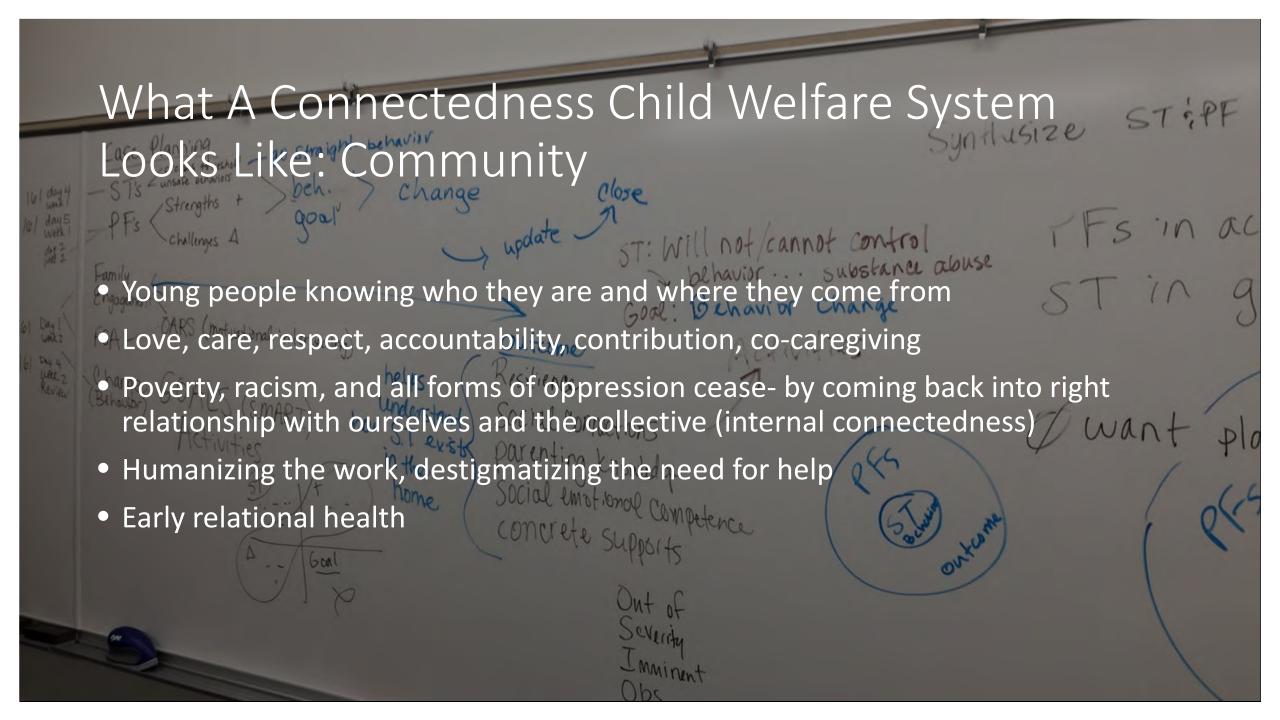
Small Break Out Discussions

Introduce yourselves- roles you might have had in child welfare

 Share your ideas with one another on the direct practice change, agency practice change and government practice change on at least one area of connectedness

Report out 1-2 things that your group feels is a really good recommendation





Research Can Help, We Are All Researchers

INDIGENOUS EPIDEMIOLOGY

 $(In \cdot di \cdot ge \cdot nous Ep \cdot i \cdot de \cdot mi \cdot ol \cdot o \cdot gy) / Ind I j \ni n \ni s$ $\varepsilon p \ni d \varepsilon mial \ni j i / n.$

1. applying traditional knowledge for a strengths-based analysis of indigenous data. 2. analyzing data with prayerful intent for the well-being of the people.

INDIGENOUS RESEARCH

(In-dig-e-nous Re-search) / Ind Ijənəs risərč/ n.

1. a radical act of resistance against all that has oppressed us. 2. done for the love of the people. 3. recognizes we have always been scientists.



Natmun Piliuqpita? Where do we go from here?

Supporting transformative research projects designed to reimagine education systems for equity.

Scroll to discover more

The deep value of language in preserving our culture

Jessica Sanigag Ullrich

We have so many good reasons to put in the effort to iliisatuut Inupiua namik (learn Inuniatum). Indigenous scholars have said our languages are uma (alive), just like this beautiful nuna (land/Earth) that we live upon. Angayuqaq Oscar Kawagley, a Yup'ik scholar, said, "I have to draw on my language to fully experience the mountains, the moon, the sun, the river the spruce tree, the taste of Hudson's Bay tea, the wolf, the eagle and the paramecium - it is a living language!" When we speak our language we exchange breath, meaning and life with the living world around us. Indigenous languages have a spiritual, ecological and relational component that we don't want to miss out on.

Elders like Naungaq Richard Atuk, who leads the language group I attend every Saturday showed us how our language is expressive. Expressions convey

spoken out loud in anger. Traditionally, we did not have profanity, childhood experiences and still because that wasn't our way of life. We did not say goodbye in our language. Instead, when our siuliavut (first ones, ancestors) left someone's inni (house), they would say piiragumausi, which means: May you all go forward in life, do the best you can, be good, be well, and I leave you with good thoughts about your future. This deeper meaning in one expression conveys our Inupiaq values and relational understanding of the world. The good energy exchanged

through our language is like relational medicine. Learning our language can help us heal from trauma, Many of our Elders, like Mr. John Tetpon from Shaktoolik, were harmed or punished for speaking Inupiatun in the school setting Because of these experiences, it has been challenging for five years. I have worked alonga deeper meaning to what is said our Elders to teach us what they side other dedicated language

by how it is said. Mr. Atuk shared can remember. One of our Elders. courageously spoken about her attends our language group and teaches us what she can. It's won derful to see Egeelana's strength and hear Egeelana's encouragement as we attempt to retain what was taken by missionaries and schoolteachers who followed and implemented harmful educational policies. Our language group has learned how to hold space and process the grief we all have due to language loss so we can still engage in learning Language learning involves so much more than learning a language we are also learning our history, way of life, values, and how to be in right relationship again. We are learning who we are and where

It's difficult to see our fluent speakers pass away before we is of the essence right now For

learners to learn and preserve our language. But we must have intergenerational commitment to continue these efforts. We need to engage in language reclamation with our Elders. Elders in training, relatives, community members, young people, and allies. Every new expression that we learn adds a beautiful piece of our language back to our collective spirit. Everyone has a role to play on this learning journey. We. can all commit to language learning, and funders can sponsor lan guage preservation efforts. Our living language allows our soul to learn, experience recognition ishing future. As Tataug Josie Bourdon taught us in language group vesterday. Ilipsi nanilaga upluraqtuinasiaggumausi – all of you, no matter where you are living, keep speaking Inupiag. keep persevering, keep learning

To close. I'd like to share this poem that my 15-year-old panik (daughter) Uiganna wrote:

the drum. I'm holding the weight sung words are the only thing that give me the strength to keep bouncing my knees, to keep dancing. I dance because if I stor then I'll die by the side of what my grandmother was forced to abandon - something she was to hide. I dance because I might be a part of the last generation the remaining words of my ern translation. I dance because the drums are the beating heart keeping my culture alive. Evis now on life support and we're signing the papers, ready to pul the plug - ready to stop the only thing remaining that has helped us survive. Paiyumnaqtunga -carry hope

lessica Sanigaq Ultrich is a tribal citizen oi Nome Eskimo Community an assistant professor at Washington State University and a 2022 Aspen Institute Ascend Fellow.



Chaga

For heart diseases, diabetes, stomach and intestine cancer, liver disease.

Spruce cones (tea)

Relieves coughing, and sore throats and chests

Balsam

Helps increase blood flow, clears phlegm and aids caughing

Chuntsa

Remedy for colds, infections, fig. etc.

Devils club

Takes phiegm from body system

Labrador tea

stop bleeding, to treat breathing problems, to strengthen, and for almost any general ache or pain

Juniper (oil)

Helps disinfect the area for airborne bacteria

Rat Root

lears nasal and respiratory passage



Being Ourselves as Real Human Beings

To make a revolution, people must not only struggle against existing institutions. They must make a philosophical/spiritual leap and become more human human beings. In order to change/transform the world, they must change/transform themselves.

- Grace Lee Boggs







Remember the earth whose skin you are: red earth, black earth, yellow earth, white earth brown earth, we are earth. Remember the plants, trees, animal life who all have their tribes, their families, their histories, too. Talk to them, listen to them. They are alive poems.

Remember the wind. Remember her voice. She knows the origin of this universe. Remember you are all people and all people are you. Remember you are this universe and this universe is you.



melanin mvskoke

@MelaninMvskoke

Remember all is in motion, is growing, is you.

Remember language comes from this.

Remember the dance language is, that

life is.

Remember.

